2024

COMPUTER SCIENCE — HONOURS

Paper: CC-3

(Data Structure)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer question no. 1 and any four questions from the rest.

1. Answer any five questions:

2×5

- (a) Define Non-linear Data structure with suitable example.
- (b) State the two main advantages of using recursion.
- (c) What is the best case and average case time complexity of insertion sort?
- (d) Explain circular linked list with suitable diagram.
- (e) Represent the following polynomial using linked list:

$$f(x) = 2x^6 - 4x^4 + 2x - 4$$
.

- (f) Differentiate complete binary tree and full binary tree with suitable diagram.
- (g) Name any two hashing techniques.
- (h) State any two advantages of heap data structure over stack.
- 2. (a) Define min heap.
 - (b) Construct min heap with the following elements. Then arrange it in ascending order of values 210, 7, 92, 84, 26, 741, 93, 35, 69. Show all the steps. 2+(5+3)
- 3. (a) Write the algorithms for Push, Pop and Display operations on a Stack.
 - (b) Define the advantages of Circular Queue over Linear Queue.
 - (c) What is De-queue?

(2+2+1)+3+2

2+3+5

- 4. (a) Explain the concept of open hashing.
 - (b) Create a Binary Search Tree with the following elements: 10, 3, 17, 12, 15, 16, 0, 2, 39. Show steps.
 - (c) Prove that the height of a complete binary tree with n number of nodes is $[\log_2(n+1)]$.

Please Turn Over

B(2nd Sm.)-Computer Sc.-H/CC-3/CBCS

5.	(a)	Write an algorithm to sort the elements of an array using merge sort.	
	(b)	What are the differences between quick sort and merge sort?	6+4
6.	(a)	What are sparse matrices? Illustrate with an example.	
	(b)	What is threaded binary tree? Explain with suitable diagram.	
	(c)	What is skewed binary tree? Explain with diagram.	4+3+3
7.	(a)	Write an algorithm to insert a node in a Binary Search Tree (BST).	
	(b)	Show the following steps to delete the node 21 from the BST with the following nodes:	
		14, 21, 55, 5, 77, 23, 44, 11.	6+4
8.	(a)	Write a recursive algorithm for pre-order traversal in a binary tree.	
	(b)	Construct a binary tree from the following traversals:	

6+4

Pre-order: A, B, D, H, I, E, C, F, J, G, K, L In-order: H, D, I, B, E, A, F, J, C, K, G, L